

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXVIII

ATLANTA, GA., TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 31, 1896.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

CULLOM SAYS HE WILL TAKE A HAND

Obtaining an Early Recognition of Cuban Belligerency.

THE MATTER IS NOT PUSHED
William of His State Has Been Jailed
by Spaniards.

WILL SAYS OF THE RESOLUTIONS
He Will Call Them Up This Week,
Probably Tomorrow, and They
Will Immediately Pass.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—(Special)—The Cuban question has not yet acted on the Cuban committee agreed to in conference.

Chairman Hiltz of the committee on foreign affairs, who has the matter in his hands until after the house has acted on the other civil appropriation bill. In explanation he said:

"I am as anxious as any one to dispose of this Cuban matter, but as the adoption of the conference report is a foregone conclusion, I was not prepared to antagonize it. It was the law of money, and the secretary of the treasury in consequence thereof had adopted a conservative policy in regard to them."

When the section appropriating for life-saving service was reached the salaries of the superintendents of the following divisions, which were cut down in the adjustment made two years ago, were restored to the full figure of \$100,000; Rhode Island and Long Island, New Jersey, Virginia and North Carolina, Lakes Huron and Superior, Lake Michigan, Washington, Oregon and California.

Mr. Sawyer, democrat of Texas, criticized the policy of limiting the contract appropriations to eight months and intimated it was done for political effect, to make a good showing in the coming presidential election.

Mr. Dockery, democrat of Missouri, also attacked the policy. He gave it as his opinion that the amount appropriated by this congress would exceed a billion dollars. He did not say, however, how a reduction could be made without repealing some laws authorizing contracts.

This concluded the general debate and the bill was read by paragraphs for amendment. The first amendment agreed to was one appropriating \$100,000 toward the completion of and the purchase of additional land for the public building at Newark.

Several efforts to increase the limit of cost of public buildings and to secure appropriations for immediate action on buildings already authorized were made, but in each case were unsuccessful. In the course of the discussion on these Mr. Cannon stated that additional appropriations would not expedite matters any in regard to work which had not yet begun. The treasurer of the treasury in consequence thereof had adopted a conservative policy in regard to them."

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Mr. Wanger, republican of Pennsylvania, stated that he had been instructed by the committee on interstate and foreign commerce to vote for a bill to increase the salaries of division superintendents to \$1,000 a year, and of surfmen to \$500 a month, and moved to make the pay of the latter as recommended by his committee, instead of \$50, as in the bill, but the motion was rejected on a point of order made by Mr. Cannon.

The bill, passing over twelve pages of the bill the committee rose and on motion of Mr. Cannon at 5:05 p. m. the house adjourned.

eight months. This reduction was about three millions.

Then the last bill contained the sugar bounty refund, which this did not.

Mr. Cannon gave the appropriations made by this bill, three congresses, and stated that in his opinion they for the first session of this congress would not fall below \$500,000,000. In the present condition of the treasury with the receipts each quarter less than the expenditures, he appealed to each individual member that no new work be entered upon.

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Nevertheless there is a prospect that if adopted by the house of the senate resolution will not mark the end of the Cuban matter. Senator Cullom now contends that if the president does not take some favorable action for Cuba within a few weeks that he will revive the issue in congress. He may join forces with Mills and Morgan by introducing a joint resolution recognizing belligerency and sending an armed force to Cuba to take possession.

Indian has some reason for his wrath. A citizen of Illinois named Dugent went to Cuba and has been, it is reported, arrested by the Spanish authorities. What became of him the state department has not been able to find out, though diligent inquiries have been made. Cullom has informed the state department with reasons without eliciting the satisfaction of the department being unable to give an definite information from General Weyler.

THE SENATE ROUTINE.

Ashurst Gets a New Governor—Committee on Appropriations Reports.

Washington, March 30.—The president today nominated B. J. Franklin, of Arizona, as governor of Arizona.

The Senate Committee on Appropriations has informed the committee that the net income of \$13,296 is made to the senate.

The net income of \$13,296 is made to the senate, and as passed by the house \$31,296. The estimated postal revenues for March are placed at \$89,793,129.

The chief items of income made by the senate are Clerks in postoffices, \$150,000; Postmaster General, \$100,000; Postmaster General, \$100,000; railway postmen, car service, \$100,000; transportation of foreign mail, \$100,000. A reduction of \$100,000 is made to the item for detection of forged and forged mail, \$100,000; and to the department being unable to give an definite information from General Weyler.

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Auctioneer

Auction

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CRISP AND SMITH AT AUGUSTA

Thousands Are Anxious To Hear the Joint Debate Tonight.

MANY WILL BE DISAPPOINTED

Because the Opera House Will Only Seat Two Thousand.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR THE MEETING

J. Doughty Will Preside and Introduce the Speakers. The Legislative Fight in Richmond.

Atlanta, Ga., March 30.—(Special)—Atlanta is all excitement over the joint debate between Judge Crisp and Secretary Smith, arranged for tomorrow evening. Two thousand people will hear it. Ten thousand in Augusta and vicinity would like to, but unfortunately only two thousand can crowd into the opera house, and this will include the hundred on the stage. The others must be disappointed. Among the disappointed one will probably be many from out of town. Several hundred from surrounding counties are booked by the railroad people.

Atlanta in Augusta over the senatorial race is running high.

The free coinage and single gold standard people are hotly arrayed against one another. Everybody is discussing the debate tomorrow evening. There are perhaps fewer gold standard believers in Augusta than in any other in the state in proportion to population, but those who are here make much noise.

The citizens' committee in charge of the debate have made arrangements for both speakers to hold receptions at the Arlington hotel tomorrow morning. They will have separate portions of the hotel assigned to each and will have many callers.

The fight here over legislative candidates promises to be interesting. There will probably be two tickets put out, one a straight free coinage ticket and another for gold. The chances are that there will be a primary and candidates will have to determine themselves on the senatorship. A fair estimate of the present sentiment in Richland county, that will go for free coinage and Crisp, is three to one. Whether the joint debate will make any changes remains to be seen.

The meeting tomorrow evening will be presided over by Mr. J. D. Doughty, chairman of the county committee. He will introduce each of the speakers by simply announcing them to the audience.

Secretary Smith arrived from Athens to-night. Judge Crisp will arrive tomorrow morning.

BARNETT WITHDREW THE CASE.

Qualified That Public Opinion Was Against Him.

Athens, Ga., March 30.—(Special)—Considerable interest was felt in the trial of Harry Barnett for riding in public with a member of the demimonde on a horse. Mr. Barnett claims that he did not know his companion had been riding in the city and only joined her after getting away from prominent streets. Though eager spectators were on hand the Barnett case was not tried in the recorder's court this morning—in fact, it has been scratched from the docket.

When requested to do this Saturday afternoon, Lieutenant Dennis refused to do so. Robert Barnett went to his lawyer yesterday, however, and had the case erased. When asked this morning why he had done, he replied that it was done at the request of Mr. Barnett, who was the aggrieved party. Tonight Mr. Barnett said that he felt that public opinion was against him, and not believing that the young man who attacked him would be punished for it, he had dropped the matter.

DALTON WANTS TOM JONES.

Will Judge Milner Be a Candidate for Congress?

Atlanta, Ga., March 30.—(Special)—All through the session this congressional district was known not simply as the seventh, but as the "bloody seventh," but for some things political have been somewhat quiet.

When Jud Crisp, of Walker, family known as the "mountain colt," beat the alumnus invincible Parson Felton, he had a quiet time of it for three successive weeks, when the alliance wave swept him on. Hon. R. W. Everett from Folk was in.

At the expiration of one term the present congressman, Hon. John W. Maddox, went to the bar unopposed for a third term. But other congressional timber is beginning to fall, and there is now a large number of men who right clearly open their mouths and music business at Dawson, Ga., accidentally shot himself today, while cleaning a pistol at the residence of J. E. Moore, his uncle. His condition is considered very precarious.

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ACCIDENTALLY SHOT MURKIN.

Bona Vista, Ga., March 30.—Homer N. Carter, a highly-tinted young man, who right clearly open their mouths and music business at Dawson, Ga., accidentally shot himself today, while cleaning a pistol at the residence of J. E. Moore, his uncle. His condition is considered very precarious.

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POTTER WORKED A SCHEME.

Swindled Savannah People and Skipped Out.

Savannah, Ga., March 30.—(Special)—O. B. Potter and wife registered at the DeSoto Hotel, however, Col. March 19th. Potter claimed to be the owner of a large stock in a prominent western newspaper. Several advances of cash were made him by the bank, and when he was about \$300 when he left suddenly, his wife remained behind him. She was a bride and the treatment was wholly unexpected by her. She left the city after remaining a week, to return to her people.

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PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY, WEEKLY.

The Daily (with Sunday) per year ... \$5
 The Daily (without Sunday) per year ... \$3
 The Sunday Edition 20 to 24 pages ... \$3
 The Weekly \$3
 Postage paid to any address.
 All additional rates, all subscriptions must be paid in advance.
 We do not undertake to return rejected MSS., and will not do so unless accompanied by return postage.

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 Do not pay the carrier. We have regular collectors.

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10 PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., March 31, 1896.

The Business of "Returning." is now said by Secretary Smith's authorized expounder and defender that "favors a return to true democratic principles." We, and no doubt the public, are in doubt whether the secretary intends to perform the feat of "returning" on his own behalf and behalf, or whether he wants the democratic voters of Georgia to go through the performance.

We remember well (and our readers have recently had the evidence of it laid before their eyes) when the secretary regarded himself as a man quite capable of laying down and expounding genuine democratic doctrine. In 1880, when the alliance movement threatened to create democratic division, the secretary, who was then editing what was supposed to be a democratic newspaper, rushed into the breach, as it were, and made up a platform of principles on which, he declared, all true democrats could stand. His platform, among other things, called for the free coinage of silver, and protested strongly against a further contraction of the currency.

The democratic voters who made up the membership of the farmers' alliance, and whose dissatisfaction with the way things were going, had created fears of party division, took the secretary at his word. He had stepped into the breach with a democratic olive branch, he was the editor of a newspaper supposed to be democratic, he had been chairman of the state democratic convention two years before, and the democratic farmers of the state thought he knew what he was talking about when he came forward with a platform "on which all democrats could unite."

They accepted his interpretation of democratic principles, came back into the party and supported the democratic candidates. What must be their surprise, therefore, to learn from the secretary himself as well as from those who have authority to expound his views, that he knew nothing of financial questions and as little of true democratic principles when he took his pen in hand to write his celebrated platform of 1880, demanding the free coinage of silver and protesting against the contraction of the currency! Having told the audience back into the democratic camp, he now gives them and all other democratic voters to understand that he knew no more of finance and true democratic principles than the little boy who persists in standing at the foot of the class in an infant school!

It should be borne in mind, too, that these very principles that the secretary made the basis of his platform had been a part of the democratic creed from the day that Jefferson antagonized the governmental theories of Hamilton!

Having left the democratic voters of Georgia standing on the platform he proposed—"a platform on which all democratic voters might unite"—the secretary went to Washington and there saw a new light—a light that seemed to illuminate his whole political sky. He now favors—if his authorized expounder, is not treating the democratic voters of Georgia to a piece of fiction on the order of the famous "moon hoax"—a "return" to "true democratic principles."

Having settled the schism of 1880 with a platform demanding the free coinage of silver and opposing the contraction of the currency, he now proposes to "return" to "true democratic principles." There can be no doubt that if the secretary "returns" to democratic principles by the route he took in leaving them, he will have to thread a wondrous maze, as the poet says, and do a good deal of wobbling of one sort and another before he reaches the point from which he started.

But it is still an open question whether the "return" to "democratic principles," advertised by the secretary's expounder in the secretary's "official organ" is to be made by the democratic voters of Georgia or by the secretary himself. The statement is that he "favors a return to true democratic principles." This is vague in the respects we mentioned, but perfectly clear in respects. It is an announcement that either the secretary himself or the democratic voters of Georgia are in total ignorance of "true democratic principles" for years

and that he now "favors," on his own behalf or on theirs, a "return" to these principles which he has discovered somewhere in Washington city.

Meanwhile we are presently to find out what these principles are in substance and in essence. Now that there is a crisis in party affairs which he deems to be quite as serious as that of 1880, when the farmers were discussing the propriety of leaving the organization high and dry on the shoals of demoralization, the secretary has consented to come to Georgia, announcing beforehand, through the medium of an anonymous expounder, that he "favors a return to true democratic principles."

But what will be the thoughts of those who trained with the alliance and who were induced to remain with the party because the secretary, posing as a democratic leader, fashioned a platform on which "all democrats" could unite, when they are officially informed by Secretary Smith himself that his panacea for unity and harmony was a delusion and a snare—nay, worse than that, a scheme born in ignorance? What will be the thoughts and feelings of those "returned" voters when they are informed by the secretary that his platform, on which "all democrats might unite," was an anti-democratic scheme, being opposed to "true democratic principles?"

Not a Single Exception.

We clip the following as an editorial utterance from the "official organ."

The Constitution publishes in big black type a list of the counties where the constitution has voted for senator in June, but endeavors to obscure the fact that other counties have refused to do so. There will be no general vote for senator at the June primary. The people don't like the game that is being attempted in the interest of Mr. Crisp.

What better evidence could be required to prove that a campaign of deception and fraud has been undertaken in the hope that the people of Georgia might be hoodwinked?

NOT ONE COUNTY IN GEORGIA has refused to order a primary on the senatorial question. Eight counties and only eight have acted and the executive committee of every one of them has ordered a senatorial primary for June 6th—the day on which a primary must be held in every county in the state for the election of delegates to the state convention.

We repeat—NOT ONE county in Georgia has refused to order a senatorial primary; and every county whose executive committee has fixed a date for county action has submitted the senatorial question to the people.

There is nothing "obscure" about these facts; if they are untrue let it be without saying that the testimony of the new settlers among us will outweigh anything that we might say.

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A reply is challenged—but answer containing the name of any county which has so refused to act will not be given.

Two Great Financiers Give Their Views.

Interest in bimetallism—genuine bimetallism—is not confined to the south and west, but has reached New York city. The metropolitan press is almost entirely devoted to the schemes of the money power, but occasionally we find a newspaper there willing to print and circulate the truth. Recently there have been unmistakable manifestations that the readers of some of these newspapers are demanding fair play and honest discussion so far as the money question is concerned.

Yesterday's Financial News, a daily paper devoted to finance and the markets, reproduced from The Cleveland, O., Plain Dealer the report of an interview which a business man of Cleveland had with the Right Hon. William Lidderdale, ex-governor of the Bank of England, on the question of reopening the mints to silver. Along with the report of the interview is printed the text of some remarks made at the Mansion house by Mr. Evelyn Hubbard, an associate director of the Bank of England, who from being a pronounced advocate of gold monometalism, has recently become an ardent supporter of the cause of bimetallism.

Moreover, The New York Commercial Advertiser, a leading advocate of the gold standard, printed on Saturday a long letter from George Alfred Townsend giving the details of an interview with Jay Cooke, the veteran Philadelphia banker, one of the most distinguished financiers of this country.

These things show that the question of restoring silver is pressing to the front even in New York, the stronghold of the money power.

We shall print the substance of Jay Cooke's remarks later. Today we give the report of the interview with the ex-governor of the Bank of England, together with the text of the remarks of Evelyn Hubbard, associate director of that institution. We commend the statements of these eminent financiers to the attention of our merchants and business men, and to our readers generally.

Neither Mr. Lidderdale nor Mr. Hubbard, it will be observed, takes any stock in the argument of the gold contractors that legislation will not affect the ratio between the metals. "What is lost by legislation," says the former, "can be restored by legislation." Mr. Hubbard used to believe that even were a ratio fixed by law between silver and gold, the market price must inevitably vary from the legal ratio in accordance with the increase or the decrease in the production of either metal.

In fact, it is said that our state department and our consul general at Havana have received no definite information about the young man since his arrest a month ago. Yet the prisoner has been able to send his own story to this country, and it has been published in full in the newspapers.

The trouble with Dryger is that he went from Tampa to Cuba without a passport. He also left Havana for the rebellious districts without permission. Several times since his imprisonment it has been reported that he was shot. This seems to be a mistake, but unless

he was, it is still an open question whether the "return" to "democratic principles," advertised by the secretary's expounder in the secretary's "official organ" is to be made by the democratic voters of Georgia or by the secretary himself.

The statement is that he "favors a return to true democratic principles." This is vague in the respects we mentioned, but perfectly clear in respects. It is an announcement that either the secretary himself or the democratic voters of Georgia are in total ignorance of "true democratic principles" for years

trade of India, China, Japan, Mexico and South America.

Read what these eminent English financiers have to say.

A Chicago Bible.

Another effort will be made to restore the Bible to the public schools of Chicago.

As the story goes, a committee has prepared a "Bible Reader" for use in the schools, subject to the approval of the board of education. The book is a volume of 2,000 pages, arranged for the convenience of all grades. It is composed of selections from the scriptures which are of such moral and literary excellence that they will be supposed to meet all the needs of juvenile instruction in that line.

The selections are arranged under appropriate heads, such as "Gems from Proverbs," "The Ideal Woman," "Ancient Laws," "Words of Cheer," "Idle Words," "Cause of National Calamity," etc. The Book of Proverbs is extensively quoted from, and many of the Psalms are used. Ample reference is made to Moses and his precepts, and the Lord's Prayer has a place.

The book seems to have been prepared with a preponderating reference to man in his relations to his fellows, rather than to his Maker. Ethics and civics are the main things. Many of the salient truths of God's Word are left out of this volume, and if accepted in the schools it will doubtless be called the Chicago Bible.

The whole scheme is one which will not commend itself to Christians generally. When we once begin the work of expurgating and condensing the Bible there is no telling where the mischief will end. Rather than do this it would be better to let the children in the public schools get their Bible instruction at home and in the Sunday schools. No new Bibles are wanted. Let the old one stand just as it is.

An Important Convention.

The proposed convention of northern and western settlers in the south which is to be held at Southern Pines, N. C., commencing May 5th, is attracting general attention.

The idea is to draw into this convention several hundred people who have settled in the south, and who feel so satisfied with their change of base that they are willing to tell the outside world just how they are situated. Numerous northern and western newspaper correspondents will attend the meeting in order to see and study the conditions and facts of the case and learn by personal contact the experience of those who have settled here.

Excursions will be made to various points of interest in the south at low rates and it is believed that a large number of tourists will be on hand. This is a sensible and practical way of bringing the resources of this section into greater prominence, and it goes without saying that the testimony of the new settlers among us will outweigh anything that we might say.

Farmers in New England and in the northwest do not pay much attention to what southerners say about the south. They desire to hear from their friends and neighbors who have lived here, and this convention will give them the opportunity. The south could have no better advertisement, because it is a well-known fact that those who settle in this region remain, as a rule.

They rarely ever return to the distant states and countries which they have left behind them.

The convention at Southern Pines will probably greatly advance the interests of this section, especially if its promoters carry out the proposed excursion feature.

The Fortune of War.

Every day accounts reach this country of the increasing distress of the inhabitants of Cuba.

It would be hard to overdraw the picture. In a civil war the combatants are more cruel and destructive than in other conflicts. We had an example of this in the United States, and it is natural that in Cuba, where both sides have the hot Spanish blood, the situation should be far worse than it was.

The Cubans and Spaniards seem to have no compunctions about destroying property. They have already burned many villages, and millions of dollars' worth of valuable sugar plantations have been utterly wrecked. They are regardless of human life, though it seems to be conceded that the Spaniards are more merciless, sparing neither age nor sex, and caring little whether their victims are in the field or helpless non-combatants.

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The revolution has lasted but a year, but Cuba has been put to the test of a century. The struggle may last as long as the former insurrection, which covered a period of ten years, and in that event one of the finest islands in the world will be turned into a desert.

What principle of Christianity or national policy justifies us in standing quietly by and watching this carnival of murder? It would be difficult to define. It would be in the interests of all parties concerned, and certainly in the interests of civilization if we should intervene in a way that would bring this deplorable contest to a close. If we do not interfere the insurrection bids fair to exhaust the resources of both Spain and Cuba, while it cannot fail to seriously injure us in more ways than one.

Why This Delay?

According to advice received in New York from Cuba, the case of Walter Dryger, an American citizen, has not yet been investigated.

In fact, it is said that our state department and our consul general at Havana have received no definite information about the young man since his arrest a month ago. Yet the prisoner has been able to send his own story to this country, and it has been published in full in the newspapers.

The trouble with Dryger is that he went from Tampa to Cuba without a passport. He also left Havana for the rebellious districts without permission. Several times since his imprisonment it has been reported that he was shot. This seems to be a mistake, but unless

our government interferes promptly it is possible that Mr. Dryger will fall a victim to some midnight court-martial. Of course, it will be said, on the other hand, that General Weyler is too politic, especially at the present time, to authorize the murder of an innocent American traveler, but we should take no chances. The greatest republic of ancient times boasted that one of its subjects in any quarter of the globe had only to proclaim his Roman citizenship in order to secure adequate protection, and the greatest republic of this age should be able to make a record as worthy of its prestige and power.

By all means, let the Dryger case be investigated without delay. Our government cannot afford to ignore these matters. There is no other civilized country on the globe that would do it.

A New Test.

Some of the newspapers are poking fun at the authorities because they sent back from New York last week 400 Italians who did not have \$30 apiece, with which to begin life in America.

The treatment of these immigrants may seem to be unjust, but western contemporaries remarks that it is a satisfaction to know what the government considers the necessary sum for a man to possess when he enters upon the duties of American citizenship. It is true that many a man has landed on our shores without a cent and has made a good citizen, but it may be that those days are over. Hereafter the test will be: "Have you \$30 in your pocket?"

This simplifies matters wonderfully. It is more practicable than Senator Lodge's idea that every immigrant should have a good education, for the educated newcomer might be utterly unable to earn a living. Give us the \$30 man, in preference to the immigrant with a diploma and empty pockets. He may lack experience, but in return for his \$30 he will meet American citizens on every corner who will give him experience enough to last him for a lifetime.

Perhaps our government officials will go still further, and not pause until they establish a money per capita qualification for our natives who show a disposition to make a start in life and better their condition. If a fellow lacks a comfortable amount of money or property at the age of twenty-one, why should he have any political or social rights? Why not treat him as we do our foreign immigrants? But the trouble is, we cannot send him back anywhere. We can only send him to the dogs.

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HE SIGHS FOR DEATH

Alex Carr Says That He Wishes He Were Dead.

HIS CASE GOES TO A JURY

The Attorneys of the Condemned Man Will Apply for a Writ of Lunacy Before the Ordinary.

If the attorney general decides that an application for a writ of lunacy will be made by the court of the ordinary, Alex Carr will be again tried before a jury for the purpose of solving his mental condition.

It was expected that the attorneys of Carr would make a move yesterday toward securing a writ of lunacy, but the delay of Attorney General Terrell in making his decision thwarted their plans and it may be several days before the application is filed with Ordinary Calhoun.

Never has a murder case, coupled with homicide, provoked the interest that the case of Carr has. Since his confinement in the jail and his arrival in Atlanta, Carr has daily increased, and many inquiries are being made at the jail and at the office of the attorneys in the hope of getting something new that has developed within the last few days. Carr has had many visitors at the jail, and one is curious to know what he looks like and hear him talk in his rambling way.

The great strain of the past two years and the excitement following the confession have begun to tell upon the iron nerves of the remarkable prisoner. Flagrantly drunk, Carr has been seen in and around frames. Alex Carr's life resembles that of a strong man who deliberately chose to death Captain King a little more than two years ago. He is fast breaking under the fearful strain of the ordeal through which he has passed and it is now a question with the physicians whether he will be alive on the day of his execution or whether he is physically sick and in every indication and appearance gave no stamp of truth to his words.

Says His Doom Is Sealed.

I wished I had been hanged last week," said Carr yesterday, as he glanced in a vacant manner at the floor. "My doom is fixed. I have seen it. I saw hell last night. Whenever I shut my eyes I see the devil standing over me, and I wish I were dead," and he sank back upon the chair and closed his eyes from the horrible scene which his imagination pictured.

"I am going to die tonight," said he, continuing in a rambling talk. "I don't care if I do die, for I saw a snake and a rat last night. I don't know what became of the rat, but I guess it is somewhere in the state."

Drs. Green and Davis and Mr. Lowry Arnold spent a while with the prisoner yesterday afternoon, but no new developments were discovered during the visit.

Carr talked in a weird manner about several things which had happened since he was last seen, and he was wandering and he would turn from one subject to another in rapid succession.

To Save His Life.

Every effort is being made by the attorney to save the neck of Carr. Several consultations have been held by them with the governor and the attorney general in regard to the application for a writ of lunacy.

The question of applying for a writ is now being considered by Attorney Terrell and it may be several days before a decision is announced.

HISTORY OF A FAMOUS POEM.

Mrs. Thorpe's Story of How She Wrote "Curfew Must Not Ring Tonight."

Mrs. Rose Hartwick Thorpe, who wrote the exceedingly popular poem, "Curfew Must Not Ring Tonight," lives in a pretty frame cottage just beyond the rear San Diego, Cal. When asked recently, representative of the Sunday World to tell how she came to write the poem that has made her famous, she replied:

"I cannot remember when I did not write poetry. I have done so ever since I was a tiny tot. In fact, she discovered it. One day after school I went to my room. I had been studying the historic period of which I was about to write in my poem, and the incident impressed itself so strongly on my mind that I felt impelled to write about it. The only thing I have ever heard relative to disposing of a part of the property was the removal of the house to the office of Mr. M. Patterson at 9 a.m. D. W. Pope, Dan Persson, T. P. Hinman, G. D. McCall, G. S. Ober, Jr., H. H. Cunningham, J. T. Ennis and John Cunningham, Interim at Oakland.

RUMOR IS DISCREDITED.

Mr. Spalding Says There's Nothing in the Piedmont Park Report.

A rumor was current yesterday to the effect that negotiations are pending for the sale of Piedmont park to New York capitalists. Mr. J. J. Spalding, who is a director of the company, said last night that the report is utterly without foundation as far as his knowledge extends.

"I think I would know of such a deal if we were really on foot," he said, "and I have heard nothing of it, therefore I have no basis for the report." He does not understand where all the reports came from, however.

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FOR SALE—A Bargain—100x150 feet on North Ave., near Spring St. Jacob Haas, Capitol City Bank.

WANTED FOR ARSON.

Glethorne County Officers in the City with a Prisoner.

Deputy Sheriff R. H. Newell, of Oglethorne county, reached the city yesterday morning from Florida, having in charge James W. Glethorne, accused of arson. Glethorne for arson. He is charged with setting fire to a house in that county several months ago, burning it to the ground and endangering the lives of the occupants.

Glethorne was arrested in Milton, Fla., by the officer. He left Athens about the time the crime was committed and went to the place mentioned. He was located there a few days ago and Mr. Newell took out papers and went after him. The officer left the prisoner at the police station yesterday, starting on his way to the seat of justice.

In great distress I called out, "Oh, mother, can't she wait a little while?" My mother, thinking I was solving a hard example in arithmetic, said she would answer my friend's call leave. At least I finished it and put it away. Two or three years later I wanted a poem for publication in a Detroit paper for which I had been in the habit of contributing short poems gratuitously. I was unable at the time to write, as usual, an original poem for the next year, and I told out my mother's name in saying young friend had come in to spend the afternoon and take tea with me. In great distress I called out,

"I cannot remember when I did not write poetry. I have done so ever since I was a tiny tot. In fact, she discovered it. One day after school I went to my room. I had been studying the historic period of which I was about to write in my poem, and the incident impressed itself so strongly on my mind that I felt impelled to write about it. The only thing I have ever heard relative to disposing of a part of the property was the removal of the house to the office of Mr. M. Patterson at 9 a.m. D. W. Pope, Dan Persson, T. P. Hinman, G. D. McCall, G. S. Ober, Jr., H. H. Cunningham, J. T. Ennis and John Cunningham, Interim at Oakland.

WANTED—Money.

WANTED—For a customer, \$1,000 on city real estate worth \$3,750. A. J. West & Co., real estate.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

ELEGANT modern north side home cheap on easy payments. Southern Real Estate Building Co., 102 Peachtree Street.

FOR SALE—An ideal situation for a guest house or private home. Immediately on Tampa Bay, Florida, in view of Port Tampa, twelve miles across the bay in front of the city. Sixty acres of land, six acres of land with a small house of six rooms, 150 full-bearing orange trees now in heavy bloom, 2000 feet above sea level, 1000 feet apart, put out; 600 feet of bluff front. The growing crop will pay 10 per cent of purchase money. Address Luther A. Ramson, Box 323, Atlanta, Ga.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—To borrow \$100 for 60 days on good chattel security. Address "Hudson" Constitution office.

LADIES' COLUMN.

YOU CAN GET a \$1.00 white glove for \$1 this week at Paris Kid Glove Store, two doors from High's.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

TO SCIENTISTS AND SCHOOLS—For sale cheap from one who wants to give up his trade. Foster-Hoist Electric Machine, 5-inch spark with 3 fine Geisselles tubes. Also one large air pump (new); several small electric fans; a small vacuum receiver; and one 2-foot aurora tube. All in good condition. Address Calculus, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Or exchange for lumber, one 18-inch triple plate Foster-Hoist Electric Machine, 5-inch spark with 3 fine Geisselles tubes. Also one large air pump (new); several small electric fans; a small vacuum receiver; and one 2-foot aurora tube. All in good condition. Address Calculus, care Constitution.

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Daily Constitution office, 5th floor Temple Court. Joseph N. Moody, cashier.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiates loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 S. Broad street.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farms. Good references. Address Mrs. Barker.

FOR RENT—Boarding Houses.

TO RENT—From April 1, 1896, on a lease, the Ardmore hotel, corner Trinity and Forsyth street; contains 33 rooms; good furniture; modern conveniences; heating, comparative new. Term, one year.

CHOICE PLACE, new house, nicely and handsomely furnished; lovely location; close to excellent fare. 157 South Pryor.

mch 21-tues-thurs

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—A modern house, central location; rent moderate. William Bassett, 66 E. Ellis.

FOR RENT—St. Merritt's Avenue, house new, modern and complete; large lot. W. H. Nutting, 8 Wall street.

mch 21-tues-thurs

FURNITURE.

WE WANT every out-of-town buyer of furniture, carpets, mantels, drapery, baby carriages, bicycles, to write us for price quotations. We can sell you big money. Try us. Rhodes, Snook & Hay Furniture Company.

mch 21-tues-thurs

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—From No. 150 W. Morris street, late Sunday afternoon, a St. Bernard dog, white coat, black head, tan head with white blaze face. Muzzie shaded black. Large tan spots on body. Rest of body white. Return to 117 Mangum street and receive reward. Will R. Maher.

mch 8 Im

HIS MOTHER WARNED.

MRS. WOODSIDE AND HER MUTE BOY AGAIN.

Judge Calhoun Says That He Will Fine the Mother of the Boy for His Conduct.

Mrs. Ella Woodside and her nine-year-old mute boy have been notified by Judge Andy Calhoun, on the police court, that they must keep off the streets unless the boy behaves himself better. He acts as if he is the son of a wild animal, running down on the sidewalk and remaining there until he is chased away by pedestrians with money.

The police say that Mrs. Woodside has trained her son to act in the manner indicated, and that she is at fault. The police have recently received a notice in the police court that on the first time in a week the cases against them always being dismissed by Judge Calhoun for one reason or another. He has now decided, however, that in future Mrs. Woodside will be punished if she allows the boy to go about the streets with her as he has been doing.

Yesterday Mrs. Woodside and the youth created a scene near the union depot and they were both arrested. The boy grabbed a lot of things from a stand and ran away. He had frequently committed acts of the kind and has caused the police much trouble. He is a noted horse and burglar thief, having driven away many horses found attached to conveyances. He usually drives to the country and then jumps out, leaving the turnout to be found by any one who chances along.

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W. GETS TWO YEARS

Judge Candler Was Yesterday Sentenced to the Penitentiary.

WORK OF THE COURT

Judge Candler Has Disposed of Fifty Cases in Seven Days in the Criminal Court.

The criminal superior court will not be in session today, as all of the jail cases except those have been disposed of.

The court will reconvene Wednesday morning, and will be in session a part of the day. Tomorrow morning the case of the man against Arthur Hanyne will be tried.

John is the young man who, in a fit of rage, stabbed his friend, Will Smith, through the brain with a keen-bladed knife.

The record of the court for the past seven days has been without a precedent in many years. Judge Candler has conclusively shown that he transacts business and disposes of cases with more speed than any other judge who has sat upon the bench since the court.

On Monday morning fifty seven cases were on the docket and yesterday afternoon not less than three had been disposed of, one of the cases, that of Bryan charged with murder, consumed a day and a half; and another murder case, that of Will Green, charged with the murder of Earl Hasty, consumed another whole day.

Perkins Given Two Years.

Dave Perkins was placed on trial yesterday morning, charged with having assassinated Groceryman Arnold last fall. The charge upon which he was tried was that of assault with intent to murder.

The evidence given on the witness stand showed that Perkins was on his way home, and was considerably under the influence of whisky, when he stopped at the store of Mr. Arnold. Mr. Arnold testifies that when he struck him, he was in the head and almost causing death, and during the struggle which followed, Perkins threw a brick at him, striking him in the head and almost causing death. It is the opinion of the prosecution that Perkins had been in a dynamite position several years ago, and had never recovered from the effects. As a result of the explosion, he says, he has frequently been to the doctor, and it is the opinion of one of these spells he attacked the groceryman without knowing what he was doing.

Two weeks ago, while confined in a cell at the jail, Perkins professed conversion and was baptized in the jail corridor by Dr. Farnum. Dr. Farnum says he has fully repented of his sins and joined the Methodist church as soon as he serves his term in the penitentiary.

The trial, which is probably to end with the pronouncement of the sentence, will be held at the next meeting of the city council.

MOONSHINE BUSINESS RESUMED.

The Federal Grand Jury Returned a Number of True Bills Yesterday.

After quite a protracted recess the United States grand jury met again yesterday and proceeded without delay to investigate a number of moonshine cases which had developed since the last regular session.

The trial of the principal culprit, and the boy, Candler, in passing sentence, gave the minimum allowed by law, as permanent of his sentence. Perkins will go to the penitentiary at once and will enter upon his sentence.

The Mistake Saved Him.

Among the cases which were called before Judge Candler yesterday was that of the state against Norman Mathews, who was charged with seriously cutting another negro named John Wesley Brown.

The negro, under whom the boy was found, claimed the name of John Wesley Brown, when it should have been John Wesley Brown. The evidence is said to be strong, strong against the negro, and the grand jury has done its duty by saving the boy from a long term in the penitentiary.

Judge Candler spent a busy day in the trial of moonshine cases yesterday and quite a number were disposed of. The machine docket will be resumed again this morning at 10 o'clock and after disposing of the business on hand will adjourn for the term or until some day in June. The grand jury has done its work well and congratulations are in order.

Then for \$1.00, and the third to Bishop Andrews & Hill, for a note of \$500.

All three of the mortgages were on the stock of dry goods, clothing, hats and caps at No. 32 Decatur street.

He Mortgaged His Stock.

Through his attorneys, Payne & Ty, Mr. A. L. Tennis has filed a heavy mortgage upon his stock and fixtures in the Big Building, No. 5 Decatur street and 17 Peachtree street.

The mortgage by which the property is covered is in the sum of \$10,000, and is to secure ten promissory notes. The mortgage is made in favor of Poole & Poole.

THE MAYOR'S VETO COMING UP.

IT WILL BE ACTED ON BY THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

That Body Will Devise Means To Pursue the Work on the Jones Avenue Bridge.

There will be a meeting of the finance committee of the city council after noon at 10 o'clock, and the matter of interest will come before that body.

The most important item will be the veto of the mayor of the report of the council for the amount to be expended in the construction of Jones Avenue bridge. The mayor may be endeavored to be found by which the bidding is to be recommended the award can reduce their bid within the estimate made by the city engineer, \$5,000.

The Toledo Bridge Company, of Toledo, O., was the lowest bidder, but his bid was above the amount estimated by the city engineer, and, though the board passed favorable on the bid and council passed the order granting them the work, Mayor King vetoed the measure for the fact that it was above the amount estimated by the city official, and the matter has remained in statu quo ever since.

The matter of the construction of the bridge at Jones Avenue has been pending for a long time, and the urgent necessity of some action is realized by the mayor, but he did not feel called upon to approve the acceptance of the above bid because he did not think the estimate low enough.

It is said that some measure will be taken today by which a motion will be carried by the committee to which the election of the mayor will be referred, and the report of the committee will be ready at the next meeting of the city council.

THE PARK'S COOL SPRING.

for the place if it became necessary. His informal notice of contest was filed with State School Commissioner Glenn said yesterday that he wanted only a good man for the position and had nothing to do with the election further than to give the instructions.

"After I held a consultation with the attorney general I made the board and gave my opinion according to the only part I have taken in the matter, and I regret that the misunderstanding has arisen."

THE GRAND JURY TAKES ACTION.

Yesterday afternoon the grand jury met the gentlemen who had become members of the school board.

Ex-Governor Northern, W. P. Pattillo and Dr. Tompkins were elected by the grand jury and these gentlemen will begin their term of office as soon as the terms of the other members expire, which is within a few days.

Judge Poole has stated positively that he would not take the trouble to make a bond for the man who has been elected.

It is quite probable that the master will be carried to the courts for a final adjustment, as Judge Poole insists that he has been elected to the office of school commissioner.

Commissioner Glenn contends that his instructions were for an election for the unexpired term alone. Here the master stands and the next step taken will be watched with the long term.

When the late Judge John N. Fain died the post of commissioner was left vacant.

After the funeral, which was held yesterday, a number of candidates announced for the place and an election was called and ordered by the board. This election was held last Saturday afternoon and Judge Poole was declared to be the successful candidate. It is said that both Judge Poole and the board of education are of the opinion that the election was for the long term to which Judge Fain had been elected a few weeks prior to his death.

With this idea in view the county school board announced the result of the election and so informed State School Commissioner Glenn that Judge Poole was elected by that body to the office of school commissioner for the term to which Judge Fain had been elected. Commissioner Glenn at once referred the board to the instructions which had been given in the board in writing on last Saturday morning. This note of instructions states that the election held at that time was simply for the unexpired term to which Judge Fain had been elected, and that the election was for the long term to which Judge Poole had been elected.

Mr. John M. McCandless and Physicians Say Judge Poole Was Only Elected to the Short Term.

An interesting question has arisen as a result of the election of Judge Adam S. Poole to the position of county school commissioner, and it is quite probable that a contest will follow or another election will be advertised for under the law.

Judge Poole, though having passed a satisfactory examination and being declared the commissioner by the county school board, has refused to accept the term to which he has been elected and has not yet made bond in the amount required.

His failure to make this bond is not because he cannot find a bondsman, but for the simple reason that he does not want the short term if he has not been elected to the long term.

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COTTON FEATURELESS

Manufacturers Hold Large Stocks of Unsold Goods.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK GLOOMY

American Tobacco the Feature of the Stock Market, Though the Entire List Closed Higher.

New York, March 30.—As of late, American Tobacco was the special feature of the stock market again today, the transactions amounting to nearly 70,000 shares in a grand total of 196,000 shares. The stock, after an early break of 2 per cent to 85%, which was generally considered a scoop, advanced sharply to 90, and later got back to 89½. The rise was due in the old report that the directors on Wednesday next will resume dividend payments. The strength of Tobacco finally affected Sugar, and the stock moved up to 116%, the best figures for some days past. The improvement was in large measure the result of efforts to cover short contracts. Chicago Gas was irregular, and in the main lower, while General Electric and the Leather preferred were firm. The decision of the Illinois supreme court in the case of the Illinois whisky trust had no effect on the stock, as the company has been reorganized. The railway list was strong, especially for the grangers, Louisville and Nashville, Baltimore and Ohio and the Southwesterners. The improvement was due principally to the fact that the rumors current last week about heavy shipments by tomorrow's European steamers failed to materialize. Other favorable developments were the reduction of the price paid for fine gold bars by the Bank of England and the excellent statement of the St. Paul for February. A belief that the corn-carrying roads will enjoy a good traffic in the near future also exerted a good influence. The operations for London account were unimportant. The improvement in the railway list ranged from 1% to 1% per cent, Rock Island leading with sales up to 70%, ex-dividend of 5% per cent. In the specialities, Tennessee Coal and Iron rose 1½ to 23% on the announcement that the leading southern iron producers have reached an agreement for a joint selling agency, and that the money for the erection of the big steel plant at Birmingham has been secured. Illinois Steel jumped 4% to 63. Speculation closed firm in tone. Net changes show gains of 46½ per cent, Rock Island and Tobacco leading.

Bonds were higher; sales were \$891,000. Treasury balances: Coin \$128,312,325; currency \$3,136,363.

Money on call easy at 36½ per cent; last loan at 3, closing off at 3; prime mercantile bar silver 63¾%.

Sterling silver strong, with actual business in London bills at \$47.57/\$488 for 60 days and 4.88%/\$44.89 for demand; posted rate 4.88%/\$44.89; commercial bills 4.86%/\$4.87%.

State bonds steady.

State bonds quiet.

Railroad bonds higher.

Silver at the board was firm.

London, March 30.—Bar silver \$14d. Consuls' advices quote 3 per cent rents 101 francs, 20c for the account.

The following is a statement of the consuls' receipts and stocks at Atlanta:

| RECEIPTS | SHIPMENTS | STOCKS |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| 1896 1895 | 1896 1895 | 1896 1895 |
| Saturday... 158 122 | 1603 406 | 9640 580 |
| Monday... 29 57 | 50 101 | 9830 847 |
| Tuesday... 29 57 | 50 101 | 9830 847 |
| Wednesday... 29 57 | 50 101 | 9830 847 |
| Thursday... 29 57 | 50 101 | 9830 847 |
| Friday... 29 57 | 50 101 | 9830 847 |
| Total... 263 479 | 1633 867 | 9830 847 |

McIntyre & Wardell's Cotton Letter.

New York, March 30.—It was a day of light transactions and narrow fluctuations. The closing of the cotton markets here and in New Orleans has a tendency to check speculation. Prices, however, advanced steadily, cotton and cotton goods higher for the day, with the tone steady. The pool closed to 2½ points higher and steady for the day, and spot cottons were firm at one time were 8 points higher, but lost part of the improvements. Mobile received 332 bales, against 574 last week, and 1,000 last year. New Orleans, on the other hand, were only 500, against 1,000 last week and 1,071 last year. The cotton market closed to 2½ points higher against last week and 1,036 last year. The estimate for New Orleans tomorrow was considerably larger, but this is due to the fact that the market is on the low side of the month. The New York cotton exchange will close Thursday night and resume Friday evening. Liverpool will close Thursday and open Tuesday morning. Fort receipts were 12,583 bales, against 10,944 last week, 13,813 last year, and 8,195 in 1894. Last week, 8,020 bales; 1895, 18,436; in 1894, 10,000. Cotton export 4,160 to 1,593, 4,593 last week. Spots were here unchanged, with sales of 700 for export, 44 for spinning and 200 delivered on contract. Norfolk, 1,000; Mobile, 1,000; New Orleans, 3,000 and Mobile, 1,000. Augusta received to day 478, against 1,338 last year. St. Louis, 471, against 1,374 last year and 332, in 1895, against 1,474 and 2,976. Memphis shipped 2,423. St. Louis 668 and Houston 1,579. Boston receipts for the half week were 2,400, against 26,000 last year. Manchester was quiet.

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York today:

MONTEREY

Opening

Midwest

Lower

Today

Close

Monterey Close

March 7.50 7.55 7.50 7.55 7.50

April 7.55 7.57 7.52 7.57 7.52

May 7.60 7.67 7.61 7.67 7.61

June 7.65 7.70 7.65 7.70 7.65

July 7.65 7.70 7.65 7.70 7.65

September 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

October 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

November 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

December 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

January 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

February 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

March 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

April 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

May 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

June 7.80 7.84 7.80 7.84 7.80

Closed very steady: sales 117,700 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts at the ports:

RECEIPTS: EXPORTS STOCKS.

1896 1895 1896 1895

Monday... 4756 2260 4877 3012

Tuesday... 1752 1818 2029 1865

Wednesday... 2024 2024 2024 2024

Thursday... 1752 1818 2029 1865

Friday... 1752 1818 2029 1865

Total... 19328 41485 34046 45333

The following are the closing quotations of futures in New Orleans today:

January 7.50 7.55 7.50 7.55 7.50

February 7.55 7.60 7.50 7.60 7.50

March 7.60 7.65 7.55 7.65 7.55

April 7.65 7.70 7.60 7.70 7.60

May 7.70 7.75 7.65 7.75 7.65

June 7.70 7.75 7.65 7.75 7.65

Closed steady: sales 14,959 bales.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, March 30.—Cotton advanced 2 to 4 points and closed very steady with sales of 117,700 bales.

Todays features—Liverpool advanced and closed very steady with sales of 117,700 bales.

The day's receipts were 2,423 bales, against 1,000 last week and 1,071 last year.

Charleston, 22, against 1,338 last year, and St. Louis, 28, against 63 last year.

The foreign imports were not large, and the exports from the ports were of fair proportions.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, March 30.—The market today was strong in spite of its irregularity. The business was mainly professional, and the international shares were relatively heavy, where London houses were moderate buyers.

The speculative bull interests in the railroad list were concentrated upon the corn carrying roads, in which Burlington and Quincy and Rock Island advanced about 1 per cent.

The shares of the anthracite roads were away with Susquehanna and Western 1½ per cent.

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WEDDING PRESENTS.



In Cut Glass,
Solid Silver AND
Enameled Goods.

We send goods on selection.
Write us before you buy.

We also engrave Wedding
Invitations and Visiting
Cards.

SEND FOR OUR SAMPLES
J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,
47 Whitehall Street.

don't
be a
hog

by trying to drink all of it—it's beneficial
when taken in moderation—(whisky)—but
it must be good—try to avoid imitations,
substitutes and inferior trash—buy from
reliable dealers.

"four aces rye"

on sale by all first-class bars—and at our
stores.

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& bickart

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OPPIUM and Whiskey Bottles
carved at home with
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Our Method Never Fails To Cure.

All diseases that have been neglected or
failed to yield to the treatment of less
skillful hands soon get well under our
treatment. Sufferers wishing speedy relief
and permanent cure should call on or write to
Dr. H. N. Stanley & Co., for their
symptom blanks.

SPECIALTIES:

Syphilis,
Stricture,
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Gleet,
Hydrocele,
Varicocœle,
Lost Manhood,
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Piles
and all
Rectal Diseases,

Office room 200 Norcross building, No.
Marietta street, corner of Peachtree
and Marietta streets, Atlanta, Ga. Hours
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10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

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A NEW COLLAR

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Silver,
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DELKIN'S, 69 Whitehall.

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STOVES.
Just received a car load of the
celebrated Reliable Gasoline Stoves
and Ranges

From \$3.25 Up.

A full line of Gas Stoves from
75c up. Jewel Gas Stoves use 25
per cent less gas than any other.

Special low prices on Monitor
and Ranges, Mantels, Tiles and
for next 30 days. Call and
Our prices cannot be beat.

and Gas Fitting 25
regular prices.
Prices on your work

Co.

HOW THE RACE GOES

Tickets in the Sheriff's Contest Not
Made Out Yet.

WILL BE A WARM FIGHT

Captain Amos Baker Announces That
He Will Be in the Field for
Coroner.

No tickets have yet been announced in the
race for sheriff and the candidates for that
office are holding back their hands.

Sheriff Barnes, Dr. John W. Neims and
Mr. L. P. Thomas are all in the field to
the finish, but up to this time they have
made simply an individual canvass. Dr.
Neims is making a fierce fight. Politically
he is one of the most aggressive men
in the state and he goes into a race with
sleaves up. It is said that he has several
good men to make the race with him, but
the full ticket has not yet been decided upon.

Mr. Thomas has twice made the race.
He has filled the office satisfactorily to
the county and has won a number of victories
in local fights. His decision to enter
the race was made only a few days ago,
but his friends have given their hearty
support and he is making a vigorous campaign.

The rumor that Sheriff Barnes would
withdraw is stoutly denied.

"I have never had such an intention," he
said yesterday afternoon. "Thirty days is
long enough time for me to make a race.
I will win or lose, but I will run for the
ticket to win out. The report that I was
to withdraw or that I would consent to run
as deputy was entirely without foundation."

It is said that Sheriff Barnes will have
with him practically the same men who
have been associated thus far in office. It
was said that Mr. A. W. Jones and Deputy
Will Green would run for the winning
ticket. These gentlemen, however, an-
nounce that they have determined upon no
such action. In the meantime, the race
is lively canceusing in progress. Candidates
are buzzing and the result of framing the
tickets will be reached in a day or two.

As to the Ordinary.

The race for ordinary is growing heated.
Colonel Hulsey, with a huge smile and a
warm hand-shake, is hard at work, while
Judge Calvert is equally active among
those who have supported him so strongly
as a favorite.

Both have a large following in the coun-
try and this feature of the June primary
will be sharply contested. The long record
of the two in the past year will be a
deciding factor.

The name of Mr. H. H. Cabaniss has
been mentioned in connection with the
office, but no definite announcement has
been made to that end yet. It is very
probable that within a month or two a state-
ment will be made by Mr. Cabaniss. He is
stated by his friends that he will just
now neither corroborate nor deny.

Neck and Neck.

It is generally acknowledged that Fulton
county never had such a representative
body of voters as that which is to pick
from. The five who have thus far an-
nounced are among the most prominent
citizens in the county. All are hard at
work and the legislative race will give three of the best representatives
in the history of the county.

Baker for Coroner.

The latest announcement is that of Mr.
Amos Baker, who says that he will make
the race for coroner. Mr. Amos Baker is
a well known municipal character and has
filled several offices of trust. Candidates
for this office are appearing each day.

THE HEARING BEGUN.

Special Master Felder Taking Testi-
mony in the West Point Case.

The trial is under way and the recently
appointed master by Judge Newman, of
the United States court, in the case of the
Hugley Manufacturing Company et al.
versus J. J. Robinson, trustee etc., to take
an accounting in favor of the complainants
of the "rents and profits" earned and
the "show to be born" carried on by the
conversations, wastes, etc., committed, held
the first hearing in the case yesterday
afternoon.

A number of important local witnesses
were examined and the big legal battle to
follow was finally pitched. The master
admitted it needed more time than
when the taking of testimony in other
local witness cases will be continued, and probably
completed. It will probably be necessary
to adjourn to Atlanta to West
Point, Ga., where the property is located,
in order to take the evidence of the local
witnesses there. The case, involving as it
does a large sum of money and heavy
business interests, is exciting much
interest and attention both here and in
West Point.

The master has announced his intention
to speed the reference.

KILLED BY A FALL.

Remains of Mrs. Judson Brought Here
for Interment.

The remains of Mrs. S. F. Judson, of this
city, who met her untimely death at
Macon Sunday afternoon by falling from
the veranda of a friend's home, were
shipped to Atlanta yesterday afternoon
and are now at the residence of her son-in-law,
Mr. R. W. Tidwell, on Washington
street.

Miss Judson was an aged lady, having
reached three score years at the time of
the unfortunate accident. She was visiting
friends in the city of Macon on her
return from Florida and while engaged
in conversation Sunday afternoon in a rear
veranda of the home the railing
against which her chair leaned gave way
and she fell to the floor. Her head struck
the floor and her neck was dislocated and death
resulted instantly.

The funeral services will be conducted
the morning at 10 o'clock by Rev. Alton
Knight, of St. Philip's, at the home of
Mr. Tidwell. Interment will be made in
Oakland cemetery.

Use Dr. Sloper's Angostura Bitters to
stimulate the appetite and keep the digestive
organs in order.

No April Fool in This.

We have now five Kentucky saddle
and harness horses that must be sold at
a low price. They will be sold at 10 o'clock
a.m. sharp. Also two carloads of warm
horses. If you want good horses at your
own price, attend this sale. Sale absolute.
The Brady-Miller Feed and Sale Stables.

Old School Books

Taken in exchange at John M. Miller's, 39
Marietta street. Sept. 12.

For a pure, sweet cigarette try the latest
—Sweet Moments. None better.

PERSONAL

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades,
furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta
street. Send for samples.

To Your Interest.

We are now prepared to furnish your
house complete furniture, mantels,
dishes and kitchen fittings—whatever
you care for or on cash or on credit.
We are the largest house furnishers in the south.
See our stock. Rhodes, Snook & Haverty
Furniture Company.

See our special dollar white glove, best
glove ever offered here for the money.
Paris Kid Store.

Old and New School Books

Bought, sold or exchanged at John M. Miller's,
39 Marietta street. Sept. 12.

Second-Hand School Books

At reduced prices at John M. Miller's,
39 Marietta street. Sept. 12.

MORE YOUNG DOCTORS.

GRADUATING EXERCISES OF THE
ATLANTA MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Dr. J. T. Plunkett, of Augusta, will
deliver the Oration—Col. Ham-
mond Will Confer Degrees.

The Atlanta Medical College enjoys the
reputation of being one of the oldest and
most honored institutions of the south. For
thirty-eight years this time-honored institution
has been one of the landmarks of Atlanta.

The present graduating class of the college,
if not the largest, is one of the best
equipped that has ever graduated from
that institution. By reason of the fact
that a longer course of study is now re-
quired, the young men who receive their diplomas this
evening are thoroughly grounded in all
the principles of materia medica and are,
therefore, deserving of the confidence of those
who may be in need of their professional
services.

The exercises of the Atlanta Medical College
will be held at the Grand opera house in
the presence of one of the largest audi-
ences that have ever gathered in that
building and the members of the senior
class who have completed the prescribed
course will receive their certificates
of graduation.

Handsome invitations have been issued
to these commencement exercises, but a
cordial invitation is extended to the public
generally.

The exercises this evening will be opened
with prayer. Dr. H. E. Burnett was
selected for this purpose, but having been
especially called to Virginia, he will
not be able to perform this pleasant duty.

Dr. W. S. Kendrick, the proctor of the
institution, will read a brief report showing
the progress which the college has made
since its organization, and will give a short
but comprehensive summary of the
year's work.

This will be followed by one of the most
interesting parts of the evening, the delivery
of the diplomas and conferring of degrees by
Hon. N. J. Hammond, president of the board of
trustees.

The oration will be delivered by Dr. J. T.
Plunkett, of Augusta, and the degree of
M.D. will be conferred upon him.

The exercises will be closed with a
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